

"VOTING RESIDENCE" HOME, SAYS JUDGE

orders Arrest of Voter for Registering Where He Didn't Live.

MANY WARRANTS OUT

Election Bureau of Whitman's office Prepares for Action on Tuesday.

Justice Gavegan, sitting as a Magistrate in the criminal branch of the Supreme Court yesterday, held it to be illegal for a man to live at one address and pick out another for a voting residence. He issued a warrant for the arrest of George Bender, a dealer in dynamite, who is in business in Centre street opposite the Criminal Courts Building.

Mr. Bender, who came to court with his counsel, ex-State Senator John G. Sax, was paroled. On Monday Bender will be taken to the house of his mother, at 25 Morningstar avenue East, and his name appears in the telephone directory as living at that address.

Bender registered from 103 Cherry street. There are several other registrations from that house, which is in the Eighth Election district of the Second Assembly district, of which former Sheriff Thomas E. Foley is the leader. Bender lived in the district which is to be represented in the election.

In handing down his decision on the application Justice Gavegan said: "A voting residence is distinguished from the place where one actually and habitually dwells, is not recognized by the law."

"Suppose an elector owns or leases a dozen pieces of property in many Assembly districts in the county; can it be contended that he may at each election determine in which Assembly district he will register and vote? Is it possible that an elector so situated shall be guided in determining where he shall vote not by the place of his permanent home but by his desire to aid the political fortunes of his friends who are candidates for office in another district?"

"If this be so then the idea, fundamental in our system of government, that legislative candidates shall only be selected by the residents of the particular district or locality which is to be represented in the Legislature is completely nullified."

Magistrate Krotel in the election bureau of the District Attorney's office issued 110 warrants yesterday. These were turned over to the Police Department for service. One hundred and fifty bench warrants issued after indictments were returned have been sent to Deputy Police Commissioner McKay. His men will be asked to serve the warrants if the defendants present themselves to vote next Tuesday. About one-third of the warrants so issued are for men who have registered in the Second Judicial District, in which Assemblyman Aaron J. Levy is a candidate for Municipal Court Justice. The indictments are divided as follows: In the second Assembly district, 4 indictments; in the Third Assembly district, 25 indictments; in the Fourth Assembly district, 4 indictments; in the Sixth Assembly district, 5 indictments; and in the Eighth Assembly district, 4 indictments.

The Election Bureau, which has been in charge of Arthur Train, has to date indicated more than 700 complaints.

District Attorney Whitman has assigned two deputies and a process server to each of the Magistrate's courts for service on election day. Men will also be sent to the night court.

MARTIN FOUND NO GRAFT.

Another Hennessy Accusation Denied by His Own Expert.

ALBANY, Nov. 1.—John Martin of the Bronx, one of the experts employed by John A. Hennessy to investigate alleged graft in the State Highway Department, in a statement to-day declared that his investigation failed to disclose any evidence of wrongdoing.

Mr. Martin gave out the following statement to-day: "Under the designation of Mr. Hennessy I examined and checked on the orders and deliveries of oil, steel and other materials, and found substantially that the materials ordered for maintenance in the Highway Department were delivered as ordered."

"VOTE EARLY," WARNS MITCHELL.

"May Find Later Some One Has Done It for You," He Tells Bronx.

John Purroy Mitchell started his speech-making last night at Stauha's in Coney Island and ended at the London Casino at Third and Wendover avenues, The Bronx. At Public School 91, Forsyth and Stanton streets, the Mitchell League of Foreign Born Citizens presented the fusion candidate for Mayor with a silk banner which bore the device, "Mitchell for Mayor."

"Mr. Murphy is well versed in the art of stealing an election," said Mr. Mitchell at Marconi Hall in The Bronx. "Go to the polls early on election day; vote early before somebody else can vote your name. In that way you can help protect yourself in this election."

SON-IN-LAW MALONE TALKS UP.

Says He Gave His Own Political Views, Not Senator O'Gorman's.

Dudley Field Malone, Senator O'Gorman's son-in-law, who spoke at a fusion meeting in Madison Square Garden on Thursday night, said yesterday that it was his own business what he did, and not the Senator's.

"It is very hard for me to differ in private or public opinion with a man for whom I have such a deep affection and respect as Senator O'Gorman. However, Senator O'Gorman cannot repudiate my advocacy of John Purroy Mitchell for Mayor and the opinions I expressed in my speech, because I did not express nor attempt to express Senator O'Gorman's views on the New York situation. I expressed my own views on Thursday night, and Senator O'Gorman expressed his yesterday."

SAYS HENNESSY OWES \$250 RENT.

Former Landlady Has Him Summoned to Defend Suit.

Phyllis Reifschneider, the Brooklyn attorney for Mrs. Mary G. Mulligan, who is suing John A. Hennessy for \$250 back rent on the house in St. Marks avenue which he formerly occupied, has succeeded in serving Hennessy with a summons for his appearance in the 88th District Municipal Court on November 10.

The summons was served on Hennessy late on Friday night, when he was entering Kreuscher's Hall, at Cypress and Myrtle avenues. Mrs. Mulligan, in her complaint, alleges that she carried out all the terms of the contract in regard to repairs and that Hennessy left because he had an opportunity to buy a house nearby at a bargain.

Charles M. Beattie, Hennessy's lawyer, says that his client quit the premises because of the breach of the lease on the part of the owner, and said he had never owed rent or woman a debt he considered just.

SULZER SOUGHT HELP OF RYAN AND M'CALL

Continued from First Page.

George H. McGuire, M. E. Havens and William H. Kelly of Syracuse, in an attempt to influence Assemblymen P. J. Kelly and S. G. Daley of Syracuse to vote against the impeachment, William H. Kelly is one of the men Sulzer was denouncing as a "bribe."

The telegrams, all four of which were identical, read as follows: "Can you bring influence to bear by telegraph or telephone on P. J. Kelly and S. G. Daley to prevent them from voting for impeachment resolution? Quick action necessary."

Sulzer's relations with William J. Conners of Buffalo are indicated by this telegram selected from the files:

"The Hon. William J. Conners, Buffalo, N. Y."

"MY DEAR MR. CONNERS: Mr. Noble has just resigned from the Perry Victory Committee. Commission in order to have me appoint him on the commission to celebrate the battle of Plattsburgh. Will appoint any one you recommend to fill this vacancy. How would Thomas H. Hoffer of Dunkirk suit you? Telephone answer."

Walter Scott, well known as the miner from Death Valley, received several telegrams from Sulzer's office in relation to negotiations of some sort that were pending with Thomas W. Lawson, the Boston stock broker and author of "Frenzied Finance." One telegram sent to Scott is as follows:

"August 27, 1913.

"Walter Scott, Miami, Ariz."

"The Governor appreciates all you say. It is just like your good old self. Make connections by telegraph with Lawson, Princeton, Ore. We have accepted his offer. You know what to say and what to do. Hope you will come here as soon as possible with him."

CHESTER C. PLATT, Secretary to the Governor."

LAWSON'S OFFER TO SULZER.

Telegram Reveals "Death Valley" Scott Was Governor's Pledger.

The discovery of a telegram from William Sulzer's secretary to "Death Valley" Walter Scott, who used to make personal visits to Broadway in his pockets full of gold, reveals the news that was printed on August 17 last that Thomas W. Lawson had offered to finance or help finance Sulzer's fight against impeachment.

Mr. Lawson, then at Princeton, Ore., where he has a ranch, sent to the Knickerbocker boxes of Albany on August 16 a telegram which was in part as follows:

"These are the facts about my offer to finance William Sulzer, Governor of the State of New York. I believe I believe the Sulzer impeachment can be made the long awaited opportunity to let daylight into the rock cave where works the system's machinery."

"I will be one of the few men to supply the necessary starting fund, and it must be a big one, to make the fight one that will mark the beginning of the end of the most insolent and cruel oppression of the great people by a comparatively small group of God defying men, law debauching blacklegs."

"I have no personal interest in the Sulzer affair. . . . I believe if publicity is set to work rightly, as it can be with the right men and with plenty of money, hell will be to pay for the system before the Sulzer trial is half over."

Sulzer, it is shown now, accepted Lawson's offer, but the Boston financier didn't make good. He was a string on his offer anyway, a suggestion that a million would be needed and that he would contribute the first \$100,000.

Boston, Nov. 1.—W. W. Lawson's secretary said to-night that the sentence in the despatch from Sulzer's secretary to Walter Scott referred to Mr. Lawson's offer telegraphed from the West that he would be one of twenty-five men to contribute \$100,000 each with which to fight Tammany.

FOES TRY TO BREAK UP M'CALL MEETING

Speech Interrupted as He Addresses Toilers at Cooper Union.

HECKLER IS ROUTED

Candidate Blames Pulitzer and W. H. Reynolds for Trouble.

Edward E. McCall met what appeared to be a concerted attempt to make trouble at a labor mass meeting in Cooper Union last night. The withdrawal of the speaker and the exit of a hundred or so of his sympathizers who had seats at the rear of the hall stopped the confusion. This was toward the end of Mr. McCall's speech.

Cooper Union was filled with workmen and their friends. They received McCall enthusiastically and applauded him after the point of his speech. But it was evident that a hostile element had wedged itself into the meeting because a man from the rear shouted just before Mr. McCall got there, "Three cheers for Mitchell." This drew a response of hisses and scattered applause.

It was not until after McCall had nearly finished his speech and was talking about Rockaway Beach Park that the trouble started. He had just said that after a workman had given each member of his family 60 cents for car fare to go to Rockaway Beach Park they would have a two and a half mile walk ahead of them.

"That's not true," called a voice. "I live there."

"That is the actual condition that exists," McCall answered.

Here the temper of the men in the rear seats began to show itself. Shouts of "put him out," "let him stay" with boos and hisses were heard.

"Yes and I will give you another fact," continued McCall. "You tell the people that you represent that William H. Reynolds paid for these scurrilous cartoons."

There was more confusion in the rear of the hall. Two of the speakers went to the front and put their hands on his shoulders. The speaker got up. As he walked out he was followed by his sympathizers.

"Don't pay any attention to that," said Mr. McCall when quiet was restored. "They are paid by the fusionists and Reynolds to break up our meetings."

Here there was a round of applause. "I am advised that the man who created that disturbance belongs to the New York World," added Mr. McCall. "Don't be alarmed about that. It is a trick that Pulitzer is capable of. This is the orderly side of the fusionists, the gentlemanly opponents of the Democratic ticket, coming to a meeting for the purpose of disturbing it, but how successful they have been you have a vivid demonstration."

The next place where McCall spoke was at 318 Grand street and he followed that by an open air speech in front of the Algonquin clubhouse at 290 East Broadway where a big crowd filled the street and blocked it off as far back as Governor street. The Allied Hebrew Citizens League at 30 Second avenue was the next stop and from there McCall went to the McCall Theatrical League headquarters at 224 West Forty-second street, where the hall was so packed that it was hard to make room enough to get the nominee to the platform.

McCall next spoke briefly to a gathering of deaf notes in the Yorkville Casino, the West Eighty-sixth street, through an interpreter.

A big open air meeting at Broadway and Ninety-sixth street, a meeting of the McCall Harlem Business Men's League at 124 West 125th street and another open air meeting at Broadway and 137th street finished the programme.

IT'S GOLF FOR M'CALL TUESDAY.

Candidate Will Vote Early and Hurry Off to the Country.

Judge McCall will spend election day playing golf with Justice Samuel Seabury, Progressive nominee for Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals. Mr. McCall will vote early and then go off to the country to forget about politics until he comes back to his headquarters to see what the people of this town did at the polls.

When asked if he had ever met Eugene Wood at the Hoffman House, where, according to John A. Hennessy's story, the money was passed which paid for his nomination to the Supreme Court, Judge McCall said:

"I never met Gene Wood at the Hoffman House."

"Did you ever discuss that matter with him?"

"Never," he said.

"Never," he said.

"Never," he said.

"Never," he said.

"Never," he said.

"Never," he said.

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Store Opens at 9 A. M. Closes at 6 P. M.

Lord & Taylor

Founded 1826

Telephone and Mail Orders Promptly Filled

November Sale of Fashionable Silks

Offering Extraordinary Values

Commencing Tomorrow—Monday

Although conditions in the silk market show a marked upward tendency, we are enabled through large and advantageous purchases, made some time ago, to offer in this Annual Event the newest Imported and Domestic Silk Fabrics in the most desirable weaves and colors

At Very Great Concessions from Former Prices

Black Satin Princess

40 inches wide.

Regular price \$2.25 per yard

\$1.78

Pebble Back Crepe Charmeuse

40 inches wide; in over one hundred and fifty shades; also white, ivory and black.

Regular prices \$2.50 & \$3.00 per yard

\$1.78

Black Imperial Dress Silk Serge

36 inches wide.

Regular price \$2.50 per yard

98c

Imported Black Silk Plushes

For gowns and wraps; a particularly fine quality.

Regular price \$4.50 per yard

\$3.25

Colored Messaline

35 inches wide; in more than one hundred and twenty-five shades.

Regular price \$1.00 per yard

78c

Imported Fancy Velvets

39 and 40 inches wide; on chiffon ground.

Regular price \$12.50 per yard

\$6.50

Fancy Chiffons

In desirable styles.

Regular price \$2.00 per yard

\$1.25

Black Messaline Dress Silks

35 inches wide.

Regular price \$1.25 per yard

85c

Lining & Foundation Silks

20 inches wide; in black and white.

Regular price 85c per yard

65c

Plisse Chiffon

Plain and fancy.

Regular prices \$2.50 & \$3.50 per yard

\$1.50

Misses' Suits & Coats

At Special Prices

Fancy Boucle Sport Coats

In blue and red, with large collar of broadcloth; low belt all around. Value \$22.00

\$14.95

Broadtail Cloth Sport Coats

Low belt line, storm collar, and satin lined. Value \$25.00

\$16.50

Cut Chinchilla Top Coats

Full-lined, box and cutaway effects, raglan and set-in sleeves; blue and gray only. Value \$32.50

\$19.50

Smart Velvet Afternoon Dresses

Brown, navy and green, with tunic effect; prettily draped skirt. Value \$30.00

\$19.50

25 Misses' Suits

Cheviots and novelty materials, in fancy and tailored models; all the season's favorite colors.

\$17.50

Values \$30.00 and \$35.00

Final Offering of Velour Portieres

250 Pairs in All, the Remainder of the Season's Stock, Will Be Offered

Tomorrow, Monday, as Follows:

Plain Velour Portieres

Of a Superior Quality, made in a special "to-order" manner in our own workrooms, with open edges. Per pair

\$13.50

Self Colored

Bordered Velour Portieres

Of an exceptional quality. Per pair

\$15.00

The above have been sold regularly at \$25.00

Clearance Sale of Women's, Misses' & Children's Hats

(Second Floor)

Hats for Tailored and Dressy Wear

Materials are velvet, plush and velour; trimmings are Ostrich, Gaura, Numidi, flowers, ribbons and wings. Prices according to materials.

\$5.00 & \$10.00—Values \$10.00 to \$18.00

Chic Hats for Misses and Children

Suitable for school or dressy wear. The materials are velvet, plush, cloth and felt, smartly trimmed.

\$2.95—Values to \$6.00

Untrimmed Shapes.

Of good quality velvet, hand-blocked, many being copies of the best French models, others in the more simple lines so much in demand (mostly black).

\$2.95, \$3.95 & \$4.95

A Sale of Paradise

Mounts of Paradise Osprey

Effective as a Hat Trimming or Hair Ornament

\$8.95—Value \$13.50

French Model Hats Reduced

Creations from the Best Modistes

such as

Reboux, Lewis, Maria Guy,

J. Evelyn Varon, Georgette, etc.

\$25.00, \$35.00 & \$45.00

Formerly \$40.00, \$50.00 and \$60.00

Also

Smart Black Velvet Hats

Suitable for any occasion

\$16.50 & \$24.50

Household & Decorative Linens

At Extraordinary Reductions in Price

1000 Table Cloths & 500 Dozen Napkins

To Match—at Wholesale Prices

Table Cloths—2 x 2 yards \$1.75, \$1.90, \$2.10

Table Cloths—2 x 2 1/2 yards \$2.20, \$2.45, \$2.65

Table Cloths—2 x 3 yards \$2.45, \$2.85, \$3.15

Napkins—\$2.25, \$2.50, \$3.00 per dozen.

H. S. Huck Towels

\$2.65, \$2.95, \$4.50 dozen—regularly \$3.00, \$4.20 and \$6.00

500 Pairs Irish Linen Hand-Emb'd Pillow Cases

\$1.25 per pair—regularly \$2.00 quality.

Scalloped Damask Tea & Lunch Cloths